

CONFIDENTIAL REPORT

for

Adult Profiler

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Client Type:

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This report contains four sections interpreting your results on the Ability Battery.

Your Ability Profile. This is a representation in graphic form of your results in twenty-one measures. The results are expressed as percentiles. They indicate how your results relate to the results of all other persons who have completed the Battery.

Your Individual Abilities. This section shows your results on the nineteen worksamples in the Highlands Ability Battery. Your natural abilities are important to consider when making educational, career or life decisions. They influence:

- the work or school environment that feels most comfortable to you
- how you learn new information most easily
- how you solve problems and make decisions most efficiently
- how you communicate with others most effectively

As you have discovered, the Highlands Ability Battery™ measures abilities objectively. It does this through actual samples of performance called worksamples. These enable you to know what kinds of tasks and jobs will come quickly and effortlessly and also what kinds of tasks will be more difficult.

Most of the ability worksamples you took were timed. A true ability is demonstrated when a particular task comes easily, quickly, and effortlessly. When a task needs more effort, when it does not come as quickly, it is probably not a strong ability.

Your results are given as percentiles. This means that your results on each worksample were compared to the results of all persons who have taken the same worksample. Your percentile score gives us an objective way to compare how you did on the worksample with how other people have done. If you scored high in an ability as compared to other people, you can infer that this is a strong ability for you. Remember that it is not important to have high scores on every worksample; rather, it is important to know and understand what each of your scores means for you as an individual.

Everyone has a pattern of abilities, with some strong abilities and some weak abilities. The measure of your abilities' impact on you is your own pattern of strong and weak abilities. There are no "good" patterns or "bad" patterns. Every pattern means that some things will be easy for you to do or learn, others more difficult. In using this information, it's important to move toward roles that capitalize on your strengths.

Among other things, you will want to take your abilities into consideration when:

- Figuring out the best way to study, read and learn
- Identifying possible careers
- Identifying possible major areas of study
- Planning internships or work study programs that fit
- Changing your career
- Identifying new directions for your current career
- Re-entering the work force
- Maximizing your performance at work

- Relating to your fellow workers
- Achieving satisfaction and harmony in your life

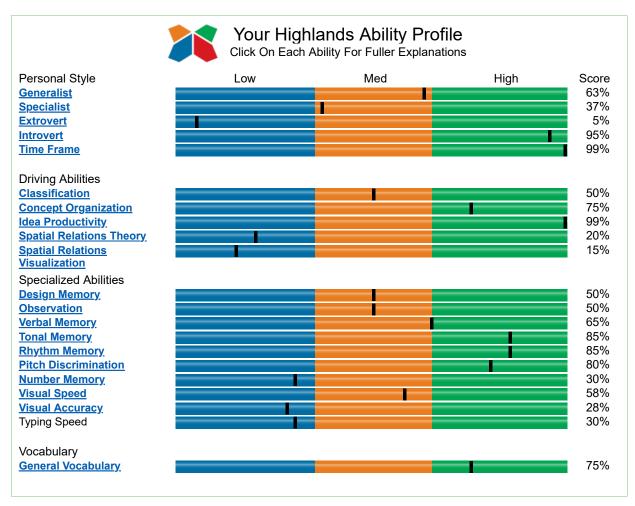
Knowing your abilities can help you steer toward tasks and roles that use your best talents, and steer away from tasks that would be naturally difficult for you to do.

Remember that any educational or career decision you make should take into account not only your abilities, but also other important life factors - such as your interests, personality, goals, values, family of origin and experience, and your stage of career development. Abilities alone should not determine what career and life decisions you make. Abilities should be considered a basic and important piece of the whole picture.

Remember, abilities:

- Are crucial in defining which tasks are naturally easy and which tasks are more challenging
- Can cause dissatisfaction if ignored
- Do not deteriorate with neglect but remain with you forever unlike skills
- Create many patterns none of them inherently good or bad; each pattern indicates that some tasks and roles are easy for you and others more difficult.

Four Key Dimensions. This section relates your abilities to the four key dimensions of your work life: Work Environment / Personal Style / Learning & Problem Solving / Decision Making & Communication.



Your scores are given as percentiles. Each percentile compares your score to the scores of all persons who have taken the same worksample.

Adult Profiler



This report describes each of your abilities. It tells you: the general definition of the ability; how the ability was measured; your score; and how to interpret your score. The abilities are grouped under the headings **Personal Style**, **Driving Abilities**, **Specialized Abilities**, and **Vocabulary** to make them easier to understand and discuss. The scores shown are the same as in your Ability Profile.

PERSONAL STYLE

This section shows your results in three scales which interpret the frame of reference from which you approach your work: the Generalist/Specialist scale, the Introvert/Extrovert scale, and Time Frame scale.

Both the Generalist/Specialist scale and the Extrovert/Introvert scales are continuums which show your relative position on the scales. The Generalist/Specialist scale is an indicator of your overall orientation in whatever work you do. Your relative position on this scale speaks more to the role you should play at work than to the kind of work you should do. Your relative position on the

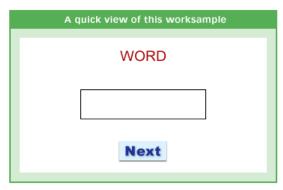
Introvert/Extrovert scale is an indicator of the kind of interpersonal work environment which you will most enjoy. Neither scale determines the type of work you should do, nor the role you should play at work. A manager may be an Introvert or an Extrovert, but he or she may have a different style, and create a different interpersonal working environment, than another manager.

Finally, your Time Frame Orientation helps you understand your orientation towards planning, goal setting and accomplishing tasks.

Generalist/Specialist

This worksample determines your preference for independent work or for working as part of a group.





Everyone is a blend of Specialist and Generalist and shows some aspects of both. You score in the mid-range on this scale. This means that you can function to some extent on both sides of the scale. You need to understand both sides of the scale because people scoring in the mid-range combine the qualities of both.

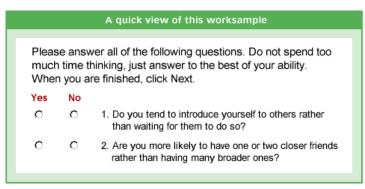
- Specialists have a unique, individual way of looking at the world. They see things somewhat differently from anyone else. This is a clear strength in the right setting.
- Specialists have a unique perspective on things, and they will be working against themselves if expected to come up with "regular" responses, or to be "part of the herd."
- Specialists like to master a body of knowledge or to develop a skill of their own.
- Specialists advance in organizations by becoming more and more knowledgeable in a particular area until they know more about it than anyone else.
- Specialists pursue goals and solve problems best by working independently and autonomously.
- Generalists, on the other hand, like to work with and through people. They work best in groups or teams.
- Generalists like variety in their work and can go from one job to another as long as they see that the group's goals are being met.
- Generalists think in terms of the common goals of the team or organization and how best to accomplish them.
- Generalists often succeed in organizations by means of teamwork and interpersonal competence.

 People scoring in the mid-range combine the qualities of both Specialists and Generalists. A good way to combine the qualities is to study a specialized field or problem and then to offer your knowledge in a group-oriented activity or project.

Introvert / Extrovert

This worksample determines the interpersonal environment you prefer in the workplace, and how you prefer to divide your time between working alone and working with people.





No one evidences Introversion or Extroversion all of the time; everyone shows some characteristics of both. Your score indicates that you have a preference for Introversion.

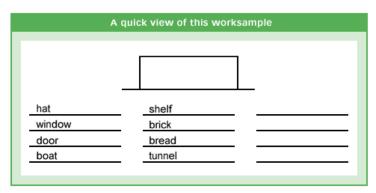
As an Introvert, you...

- Often get energy and renewal from time spent by yourself.
- Find yourself somewhat drained of energy after you've spent a good part of your time interacting with others - no matter how skilled you are at it.
- Are able to concentrate on solitary tasks for long periods of time without undue stress.
- Have a sense of choice about having or not having social interactions. (Extroverts usually feel they must have contact with others to be happy.)
- Like time to reflect before responding and to think before acting.
- Like quiet for concentration and reflection in developing ideas.
- Prefer to communicate by writing.
- Tend to be more private and contained and like structure in relationships and interactions; you prefer to have a reason to interact with others.
- Learn best by pausing to digest and think.
- Prefer lectures to interactive group discussion.

Time Frame Orientation

This worksample measures the span of time you tend to project and consider when making future plans or working on projects. It indicates how you consider naturally the impact of present actions on future plans.





As a person with a long Time Frame Orientation, you...

- Have a natural Time Frame of about five to ten years for making plans, thinking about your future, or considering the impact on your life of what you are doing now.
- Are able to sustain efforts that are largely unrewarded in the present to reap larger rewards later.
- Find this orientation helpful in jobs that require long-range planning, trend analysis, research, or extended negotiations.
- Can work to accomplish shorter Time Frame targets (two years, for example) by consciously breaking your long term goals into clear segments.
- May be so focused on the future that you do not pay enough attention to the immediate present, and to near goals.
- Can help yourself to control work in the shorter term by writing a list of your long-range goals and then a list on which you break each into shorter targets. This will force you to think through your natural time sense and to pay attention to tasks in the shorter term.

DRIVING ABILITIES

This section shows your results in five worksamples. Together, they are called the Driving Abilities. They are: Classification; Concept Organization; Idea Productivity; Spatial Relations Theory; and Spatial Relations Visualization.

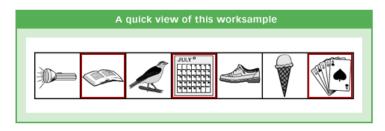
The Driving Abilities are very powerful and influence almost every part of our work lives. This is true whatever an individual's results. Each one of these abilities asserts itself in our lives. It is absolutely critical to take them into account when considering what role you should play at work.

Classification

This worksample indicates your ability to see relationships between seemingly unrelated events,

situations, or information. It shows your ability to move from the specific to the general when solving the many problems you face every day.





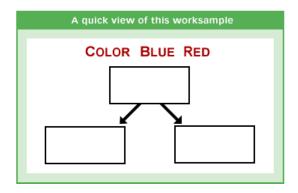
As a person with medium Classification, you...

- You have more flexibility and choice about using this ability than if you were either high or low. But you need to take this ability into account when making work decisions.
- Will find this ability demands use
- Are able to work in fast-paced environments, as well as more stable, less chaotic environments with little difficulty.
- Will like some problem-solving or diagnostic tasks as a part of your work day.
- Are able to work within established guidelines.
- Problem-solve best within established guidelines.
- Do not enjoy work situations that require rapid-fire problem solving and that are under high pressure.
- Prefer work with set procedures.

Concept Organization

This worksample indicates your ability to arrange ideas, information, or things in a logical order. It shows your ability to move from the general to the specific to solve problems and to communicate the logic in doing so.





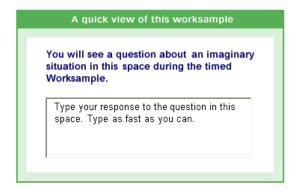
As a person with high Concept Organization, you...

- Are able to analyze ideas and concepts and to arrange them easily into their logical sequence.
 This enables you to make ideas clear to others. This is the primary ability for the communication of ideas to other people.
- Are able to see the logical consequences of events, making it possible for you to predict, order, and plan schedules showing when things will happen.
- Can see how all the pieces of a project fit together in a linear sequence.
- Can use this ability easily for any planning activity.
- Are able to organize internally and may not need to organize everything on your desk or around your house. (Others may see you as messy!)
- Enjoy arranging the parts of a task in sequence. You do not like to leave steps out of a sequence.
- Have an advantage in any kind of academic task that requires analytic thinking (i.e. literature, history, research, etc.).
- Will be able to use this ability effectively in any work in which there is a recurring need to analyze and organize materials or information; or to plan, prioritize or develop logical conclusions and consequences.
- Find that you will use this ability often, both in and outside of work. The opportunity to use it constantly in your life may substitute for the need to use it as part of your job.

Idea Productivity

This worksample measures the number of new ideas you can generate within a given time in response to a given stimulus. It does not reflect the quality or creativity of the ideas. It is a measure of the volume or flow of your ideas.





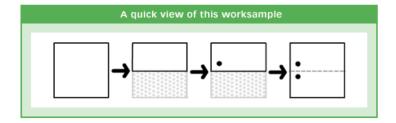
As a person with high Idea Productivity, you...

- Have a large number of ideas flowing through your head at any one time. You cannot turn this ability off at will.
- Enjoy using this ability and are able to come up with ideas at a rate which makes you highly useful in solving problems and overcoming the objections of others.
- Find this ability an advantage in any role demanding the rapid production of new ideas, and in problem solving and adjustment to new concepts.
- Are likely to be restless and dissatisfied in roles that demand only routine tasks and attention to small detail.
- May find it difficult to concentrate for long periods of time on a single subject or project, unless it is
 intrinsically interesting to you. You can compensate for this by doing work on a project for a short
 period of time and then coming back to it later.
- Find that it is relatively easy for you to dream up solutions for problems, to persuade others of
 your point of view, and to come up with alternative ways to explain or look at things when others
 do not understand.
- Should develop awareness that you may need to edit or think through many of your ideas before sharing them with others.
- Enjoy working in an environment in which your major roles are problem-solving and persuasion.
- Should use this ability in your work; otherwise you may feel frustrated. If Idea Productivity is not required in your job, you should encourage an outlet for it outside of work.

Spatial Relations Theory

This worksample indicates your ability to see the theoretical relationships which exist in the working of the mechanical universe. It is the ability to understand how systems work: this applies to mechanical systems and interpersonal systems.





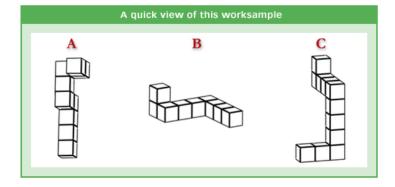
As a person with low Spatial Relations Theory, you...

- Will not usually be concerned with or involved in abstract three-dimensional or theoretical activity.
 You may not be interested in the theoretical relationships involved in mechanical systems, such as those used in engineering, astronomy, computer systems, and higher mathematics.
- Are likely to be interested in and seek direct contact with people and to think more practically than abstractedly about relationships and systems.
- Are not particularly interested in designing mechanical systems.
- May find upper-level mathematics a challenge

Spatial Relations Visualization

This worksample indicates your ability to see in three dimensions when shown only two. Spatial Relations Visualization is also related to needing "hands-on" experience and work.





As a person with low Spatial Relations Visualization, you...

- Are an abstract thinker who is quite comfortable in work that deals with words, ideas, concepts, principles, values, people, relationships, or information.
- Are not likely to experience a strong pull to be involved in the concrete world of physical objects in your work.
- Find yourself pulled toward abstract roles (literary, visual, musical, accounting, counseling, teaching, training and managing).

SPECIALIZED ABILITIES

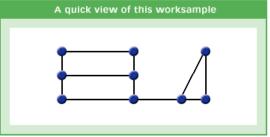
This section shows your results in nine worksamples. Together, they are called the Specialized Abilities. They are: **Design Memory**; **Observation**; **Verbal Memory**; **Tonal Memory**; **Rhythm Memory**; **Pitch Discrimination**; **Number Memory**; and **Visual Speed and Accuracy**.

The Specialized Abilities help or enhance our work and lives. While most of them do not assert themselves as strongly as the Driving Abilities, it is important to pay attention to the patterns which form when these abilities combine with one another as well as with the Driving Abilities.

Design Memory

This worksample measures your ability to recall an overall pattern or picture presented in two dimensions; e.g., charts, diagrams, sketches and patterns of any kind.





As a person with medium Design Memory, you...

- Will find this ability helpful in work or tasks involving learning and recalling the details in visual patterns and designs.
- Will experience little difficulty in remembering and using visual stimuli in such everyday tasks as recalling the locations of objects in a room or directions on a map, or data on a printed page.
- Can find this ability useful in many artistic and technical tasks, but you should not experience any particular lack or stress if your work does not use this ability.

Observation

This worksample measures your ability to pay close attention to visual details, to perceive and remember small changes, and to notice irregularities.



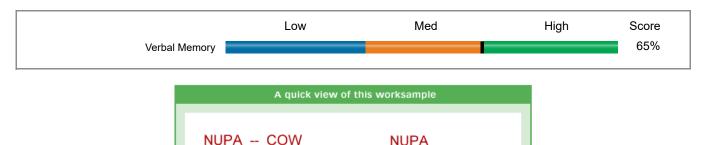


As a person with medium Observation Ability, you...

- May find your level in this ability strong enough to be useful to you in areas that require both close attention to detail and the capacity to remember visual changes and inconsistencies.
- May not automatically notice detail in all areas of work/life, although your Observation can be keen when you're interested in something.
- Can bring this ability into play in any artistic and visual tasks.
- Can find this ability helpful any time you need to describe the details of some experience, notice small parts of an event, or recall changes in what you're seeing.
- Can use this ability in a hobby if not in the work setting.
- May use this ability to read facial expressions and the body language of others.

Verbal Memory

This worksample measures your ability to learn new words and recall what you have read quickly and easily.

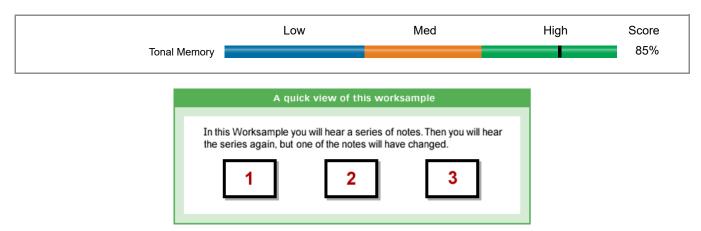


As a person with high Verbal Memory, you...

- Are able to memorize information from the written word quickly and easily.
- Find this learning channel a strong advantage in any formal learning or training situation.
- Find this ability an area of strength in building your vocabulary, learning a foreign language or working in a field that has its own language or technical jargon.
- Should consider Verbal Memory a very important learning channel.

Tonal Memory

This worksample measures your ability to remember what you hear, including tunes and tonal sequences.

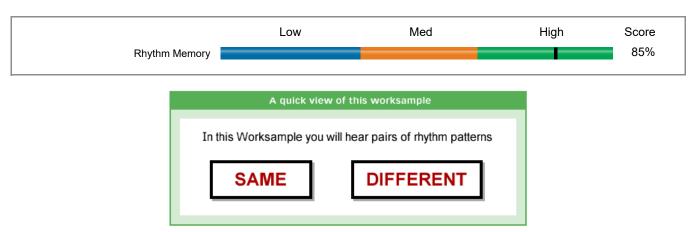


As a person with high Tonal Memory, you...

- Have a strong facility to remember tunes and tonal sequences, which you may use to sing and play music by ear.
- Have the auditory memory to reproduce the accent and tones of a foreign language.
- Should consider Tonal Memory a very important learning channel.
- Will feel a press to use this ability and may feel dissatisfied if you are not using Tonal Memory in some way. If any other scores on the other music abilities (Rhythm Memory and Pitch Discrimination) are in the medium range or above, this press to use Tonal Memory will be even stronger.
- Should experience very little problem in learning to play a musical instrument, especially one that "tunes" itself (e.g., keyboard or drums), particularly if you have some support from at least one of the other music abilities.

Rhythm Memory

This worksample measures your ability to remember rhythm patterns. It also relates to kinesthetic learning, which is learning through movement.

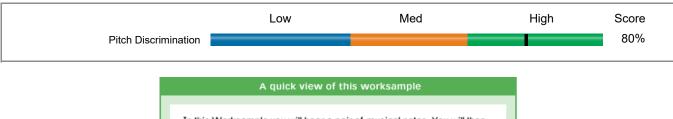


As a person with high Rhythm Memory, you...

- Can play music or musical instruments that lean heavily on rhythm or beat.
- May feel a demand for an outlet for this ability and can feel restless and unhappy if you ignore it.
- Have a general need for physical activity. Sitting at a desk all day will be hard for you unless you
 do something physical with your body. Walking, jogging, or playing sports are some ways to
 release this ability.
- Have a strong ability to remember movements of your body. Anytime you "act out" or "walk through" a learning activity, you are taking advantage of this ability.
- Should consider Rhythm Memory a strong learning channel.

Pitch Discrimination

This worksample measures your ability to distinguish fine differences in pitch. It also applies to perceptual discrimination across the senses.



In this Worksample you will hear a pair of musical notes. You will then try to determine whether the second note is higher or lower than the first.

HIGHER

LOWER

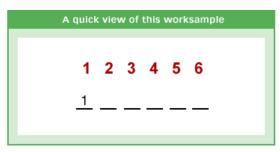
As a person with high Pitch Discrimination, you...

- Score well enough to sing or play a musical instrument well, even instruments like the violin or trumpet that lean heavily on the ability to distinguish pitch.
- (There is some evidence that you) have a strong ability to make the kinds of fine sensory
 discriminations required in such diverse tasks as gourmet cooking, photography, artistic painting,
 working with small instruments or machines, microscopy, or astronomy.
- Will find it easy to learn the inflection and accent of a foreign language.
- Will feel a press or need to use this ability and, depending on your other musical abilities (Tonal and Rhythm), should consider learning a musical instrument.
- Can pick up subtle changes in tone or inflection of voice, an ability useful in diplomacy and mediation.

Number Memory

This worksample measures your ability to recall miscellaneous facts and data. It indicates an ability to use numerical information to solve problems and make decisions.



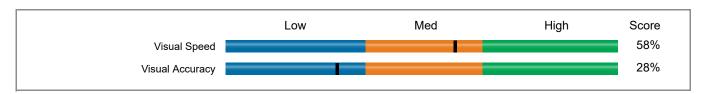


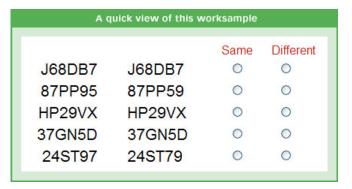
As a person with low Number Memory, you...

- Can remember those facts and numbers you need in your day-to-day tasks, but may have difficulty remembering numbers and unrelated, miscellaneous facts or data.
- Should work to develop compensatory skills for remembering numbers and/or miscellaneous details and data.

Visual Speed & Accuracy

This worksample measures your ability to read and interpret written symbols quickly and accurately.





As a person with medium Visual Speed and low Accuracy, you...

- Are able to move your eyes quickly enough to experience no particular problem with work that requires a large amount of paperwork or concentration on columns of numbers and figures.
- Can find that your low accuracy causes you difficulty where precision is important.
- Will be naturally inclined to go fast in visual dexterity tasks, but you may need to improve your
 accuracy, which is relatively more important in most tasks, by going at a slower rate. Over time,
 as you become more accustomed to the task, your speed will improve also.

Vocabulary

Vocabulary is a personal tool developed by each individual over time, rather than a natural ability, but the range of your vocabulary will affect how effectively you can use some of your innate abilities. More than anything else, your result on this worksample will determine the verbal level of people with whom you can interact most easily and naturally. It is considerably easier to interact and share ideas with people who are similar to you in their level of Vocabulary than with those who are not.

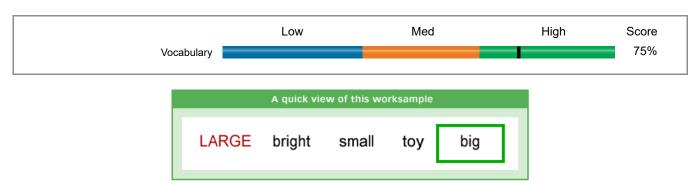
Because Vocabulary is developed and not innate, you can increase your Vocabulary level through study and concentration. Any work you can do to build your Vocabulary will be of great benefit in helping you advance in your career. Start working on words that you may have read or heard before, but for which you do not have a precise definition. Improving the precision of your Vocabulary is by far the best and most efficient way to increase the precision of your thoughts and ideas.

Your vocabulary can also be improved by good reading. As you read, you should keep a dictionary nearby to look up and study the words you don't know.

The norms for the Vocabulary worksample are at the level of the average college student.

Vocabulary

This worksample indicates the verbal level at which you communicate ideas to others.



If you work with people who have lower Vocabulary levels, you may find yourself frustrated by your inability to communicate at your own Vocabulary level. As a person with high Vocabulary, you...

- Have a broad general knowledge that affects your outlook in any work situation.
- Have a Vocabulary level similar to that of executives, individuals in literary and academic fields, doctors and lawyers, and those at or near the top of almost every other profession.
- May find yourself bored or feeling somewhat disconnected if you spend the majority of your day in close contact with people who have significantly lower Vocabulary than you have.
- Can use your Vocabulary to rise to high levels in an organization.
- Should consider working in an academic environment.

Understanding each of your abilities is an important first step in understanding yourself. Understanding how groups of your abilities work together is a powerful tool. As a way of summarizing your results, we include a description of how your abilities relate to the four key dimensions of work life: Work Environment/ Personal Style; Learning; Problem Solving/Decision Making; and Communication.

WORK ENVIRONMENT/PERSONAL STYLE

As a key dimension of work life, Work Environment refers to the context or environment that is most conducive to your performing at your best. In determining whether a Work Environment is good for you, you must consider such factors as the pace of work, the amount of teamwork required and the amount of interaction with people involved.

Your preference for Introversion is not specifically an ability, but it does interact, sometimes extensively, with your abilities. Your preference for Introversion indicates that you are energized more by internal forces and events than by external ones. You will prefer time to process events and respond to questions and requests, and that processing takes place internally. When you say something, you have usually given it careful consideration. This differs from the Extrovert who may verbalize ideas rather than conclusions. You will probably want to make sure you have periods throughout your day for quiet or down-time to recharge yourself. You are likely to prefer an environment in which you interact one-on-one or with small groups of individuals. You may prefer reading and writing or e-mail to personal interaction.

With a mid-range score on the Generalist/Specialist measure, you may find that you function most smoothly in a role that requires you to "bring the extremes to the middle." As someone who can understand the vocabulary of both the Generalist and the Specialist your role may become that of the translator or facilitator. Your score in this mid range also indicates flexibility in role and function. At times, you may find that you enjoy being on a team; but you may also work well autonomously. You will probably thrive best as a team member when your role is that of an expert on the team - bringing your unique perspective and expertise to the group.

With a longer Time Frame Orientation - beyond five years - you will probably be viewed as a strategic thinker or planner and contribute to your organization from that perspective. You may be very comfortable in an industry or profession that looks to the future. You may find setting long-range personal goals, perhaps related to financial planning, to be quite simple and easy to work toward. One word of caution about a long Time Frame Orientation: unless your long-range plans are backed with specific short-term goals and intermediate actions, it is very easy to live in the future, believing there will always be time to act.

You are in the midrange on Classification; however, Classification is such a powerful problem-solving ability that even with this mid-range score, you may find it a significant ability for you. You may find, for instance that when someone needs a fast answer to a problem, you just "know" the answer, without needing to get there logically. This is Classification at work. You may find that you like situations in which you can demonstrate this rapid-fire, seat-of-the-pants problem-solving ability.

Your Idea Productivity is extremely strong. This means that you may have a constant stream of new ideas and thoughts throughout the day. Managed properly, this stream can be an important and valuable resource for you and for your company. You must exercise care, however, that this stream of

ideas does not unduly interrupt your work or become a source of friction between you and the people you work with. You can use your Idea Productivity in many ways in the workplace - brainstorming, writing, speaking in public, persuading others, selling to others, planning, preparing for events. All of these are very useful outlets for this ability. You are working against this ability if you are in work situations in which you have to do tasks the same way every time. The urge to create new ideas may make routine tasks harder for you. The more you are placed in situations in which you need to come up with new ideas and new ways of looking at things, the more you are using this ability.

Your Concept Organization ability is very strong. This means that it is very easy for you to solve problems by means of a linear string of logic. Any time you are presenting ideas to another person, planning into the future, figuring out strategy, writing your ideas down, or trying to figure out what went wrong if something fails, you will in all likelihood be using your powerful Concept Organization ability. These are all tasks that lean heavily on your ability to place elements in logical, linear succession. Some other kinds of tasks, such as rapid-fire problem-solving or trying to come up with multiple ideas about something, are difficult to solve with logic. By recognizing those tasks which maximize your use of Concept Organization, you can increase your productivity by bringing this ability to bear.

With your strong Rhythm Memory score you are likely to find greater satisfaction in a Work Environment that does not require you to sit still for long periods of time. You will prefer to be active and to move about, rather than sit behind a desk all day.

You are likely to be quite content in a work situation in which you interact with people or ideas and/or manipulate data or information. You will be comfortable in work that involves dealing with intangible products or services - you do not need to have created something or to have a concrete object to show at the end of your work day.

Your musical abilities are so strong that they will press to have expression in your life on a daily basis. You should involve music in some manner in your life: listen to music regularly, or, perhaps, learn to play a musical instrument.

Your score in the two-dimensional visual abilities indicates that you are likely to find enjoyment in visual activities and be able to use them to your advantage in daily life. You may be drawn to fields with a strong visual component, although they may not be the primary focus of your activities.

You have a combination of abilities that make artistic and creative roles and tasks easy for you. You may wish to find a way to use these abilities in your Work Environment. Although you may not feel that something is missing if you do not use these abilities in some artistic activity, you are likely to derive a great deal of enjoyment and satisfaction if you choose to use them in some way.

LEARNING

This key dimension of work life refers to how you take in new information. Understanding your learning channels helps you identify what you need to do to facilitate learning and to remember new information. Knowing about how you learn best - through reading, listening, diagrams or a combination of these - also enables you to request information in particular formats. Understanding your learning channels can help you understand more about yourself: why you enjoy having reading material around; why you remember data better when someone shows it to you on a graph; or why you remember more when you hear someone speak on a topic than when you try to read about it.

Your strong Verbal Memory indicates an ease in recalling information acquired by reading. This means

that reading an item once may very well be sufficient for you to master it. This ability is closely related to learning the written vocabulary of a foreign language.

Your strong Tonal Memory score indicates a powerful ability to recall what you hear. It indicates that in a meeting you may need to take very few notes and will be able to recall the flow, as well as content, of the proceedings. You may find that you recall lines of dialogue from movies or performances. You may also find it quite easy to reproduce sounds and sequences of sounds. This is helpful in music as well as in learning a foreign language.

You have a good ability to take in new information when it is presented as a chart, graph, map or other two-dimensional form, but you may want to pair this with another of your learning channels for reinforcement. When presented with new material in this visual format, you should have no trouble in understanding it - just give yourself plenty of time to process the information.

Your Rhythm Memory score indicates a great capacity to learn new information by putting it to a rhythm or actually walking through a process. Rhythm Memory engages the large muscles of the body, so once you have walked through a sports play, for example, you will understand it better. You can use this ability to learn by setting factual information to a beat to reinforce it.

Your Number Memory score indicates that remembering miscellaneous factual pieces of information does not come easily to you. Because remembering facts and figures requires concentration and time on your part, try to record important information in a place that it is easily accessible for reference.

PROBLEM SOLVING/DECISION MAKING

This key dimension of work life refers to how you most efficiently solve problems, resolve issues and make decisions. In addition to identifying your style of solving problems, other important aspects of this dimension include how you think through problems, the time frame you use most naturally, and the perspective represented by your solutions.

You are in the midrange in Classification; but this ability works so powerfully that you may be more satisfied at work if you have some outlet for it in your regular roles or tasks. You may find that you enjoy having new problems to solve or occasionally having to make a quick decision about something. You may also find that you like a fast-paced environment at work and that you like dealing with a wide variety of problems and issues during the work day.

You have a very strong score in Concept Organization. This means that such problem-solving tasks as planning, prioritizing, ordering, writing and communicating precise content and meaning can be very easy for you. You are so strong in this ability that you undoubtedly use it constantly all day long. For tasks and roles that require a logical, linear approach, Concept Organization is ideal. However, for tasks that require quick, non-logical or creative thinking, Concept Organization can at times be a liability. Concept Organization by its nature is a linear and methodical way to solve problems. If you are using this ability, you can be more productive by giving yourself time and space to work through the steps of solving difficult problems.

You have a consultative problem-solving style. You are able to evaluate seemingly unrelated information and logically explain it to others. With this type of problem-solving style, you are able to draw conclusions quickly and accurately as well as explain how you arrived at the solution. Individuals with this type of problem-solving style excel in fast-paced environments where there are multiple problems to solve and others to listen, follow through, and carry out the work.

As a mid-range Generalist/Specialist, you can probably see problems from both the group and the "expert's" position. You are comfortable solving problems as part of a team as well as on your own. When solving problems in a group or team, you tend to balance the goals of the team with the advice of experts, and you may even feel comfortable providing that expertise yourself. You may find yourself in the position of assisting other team members in understanding the different perspectives. When you are on your own, you are likely to approach problems with a great deal of intensity and to develop the depth of knowledge that will lead you to a solution. This may include gathering input from others as well as developing a level of expertise on your own. Your mid-range score indicates flexibility in your comfort level with making contributions as an expert or as a member of a team.

As an Introvert, you recharge by time spent alone. You need quiet and/or alone time to process problems most effectively. Because you process information internally, it may be important for others to know that your silence does not necessarily mean assent or agreement. It may simply mean that you are working on the problem. When you verbalize a solution or a decision, you have already spent time thinking things through to their conclusion.

Idea Productivity affects the rate or the volume of ideas. Your Idea Productivity level can affect the number of solutions you generate (although not the quality) when trying to solve a problem. The impact of Idea Productivity depends upon the work environment. Generally, a more open, free-flowing work environment should favor and reward higher Idea Productivity.

Your low score in Spatial Relations Visualization means that you are more at ease in dealing with and solving problems that have to do with people, ideas, relationships, feelings, strategy, and concepts than in technical or mechanical areas. The solutions you develop to problems will probably involve these abstractions also, as opposed to purely technical or mechanical solutions.

With a high score in Time Frame Orientation, you are most likely to think of solutions to problems that focus on or bear results five to ten years or more in the future. You consider most the long-range implications of your solutions to problems.

COMMUNICATION

This key dimension of work life refers to how you communicate with others or the context/situation in which you feel most comfortable communicating. Two important aspects of communication to consider include the methods of communication you prefer and the size of the group with which you are most at ease. Other important aspects to consider are your ability to remember what you hear, and how aware you are of those with whom you are communicating. Also important to consider are the number of ways in which you can communicate an idea and the types of examples you may use.

As a mid-range Generalist/Specialist you have the elements of both Generalists and Specialists. In situations requiring communication and understanding, you can often be the facilitator or the mediator because you can see and understand both the Generalist and the Specialist point of view.

As an Introvert, you communicate best when you understand the purpose of an interaction, because interaction expends energy. Because you recharge your batteries by being alone, you may prefer some structure to relationships and interactions, and you may prefer communicating in writing or by e-mail. You can be quite skilled at communicating with others, although your preference is usually one-on-one or in small groups. Situations that require continuous interaction with colleagues or customers, such as group meetings or projects that require long conversations, are energy-draining for you. You need to process information internally and may not provide an immediate reaction

because you prefer to think before you speak. This can mean that once you communicate a thought or idea, it is likely that you have thought it through carefully and that it represents a considered point of view.

Your Classification score is in the midrange. But Classification is such a powerful ability that even in the midrange it can significantly affect your ability to communicate. You may find it quite easy to understand what a person is driving at or intending to say -even before he finishes talking. In working with a team, you may find that an answer to a problem seems obvious to you, but is anything but obvious to others. You may find that you draw conclusions from a stated set of facts long before others do. All of this can make you feel or act impatiently at times. You may often think, "OK, get to the point," when talking to others and you may find it difficult at times to slow down enough to listen to other points of view. While your solutions may be accurate, you may also wish to improve your communication skills by paying attention to the conclusions offered by those with slower problem-solving styles.

With your very high score in Concept Organization, you are able to communicate your thoughts logically and persuasively to others, either in writing or orally. You are able to gather, arrange and prioritize the information you want to communicate in such a way that your ideas will be clear to others. Although you should be able to organize your thoughts relatively quickly, Concept Organization is not instantaneous. You need to give yourself time to organize your thoughts when you are speaking or writing. This will help you to use your Concept Organization capability to the fullest. You can help yourself by being aware that, as powerful a tool as Concept Organization is, it is not an ideal tool for every situation. There may be some tasks at work for which your high score works against you. In brainstorming or creative situations, for instance, a logical answer may not be what is initially needed. By being aware of when this ability works for you and when it doesn't, you can increase your overall satisfaction and productivity at work.

Your score in Idea Productivity allows you to generate a large number of ways to communicate and many different angles and examples. Idea Productivity helps with persuasion and sales and facilitates communication roles such as teaching, brainstorming, and selling. High Idea Productivity may present problems of staying on track in conversations. Situations requiring attention to others or on focused communication may be more difficult. You may experience and communicate a number of different ideas that appear unrelated, which may be confusing to the listener.

Your low score in Spatial Relations Visualization means that you are most comfortable dealing with words, people, feelings, relationships, and ideas. This is often a huge help in dealing with organizations and teams, because it is relatively easy for you to see, understand and work with the abstract feelings and ideas of work teams or groups.

Your very high score in Vocabulary means that you have the ability to communicate at the level of people who end up in the upper management of corporations. It also means that you may feel somewhat isolated if you are usually around people with significantly lower Vocabulary levels than your own. This isolation may not occur if your vocabulary reflects a particular field of expertise.

A high score in Tonal Memory can aid in remembering another's spoken communication. Also, when changes in voice intonation are important, or the only means for communication is auditory, then your high Tonal Memory score will become more valuable.



This report reflects your results on the The Highlands Ability Battery. It has given you a detailed explanation of your abilities, what they mean for you, and how they relate to your best Learning Channels and Work Strategies.

We urge you now to schedule and complete your feedback conference with a certified Highlands Affiliate. This conference will teach you how to make maximum use of your natural abilities today and in the future.

Feedback Consultations

Our Certified Affiliates have been especially trained to interpret the results of the Battery. They have the knowledge to help you understand your ability patterns and apply your results to your own life. They can help you to look at the future and to figure out what direction your abilities should take you in.

If you haven't already contacted a Highlands Affiliate, you may choose an Affiliate by going to our website at www.highlandsco.com. Click on "Find an Affiliate." You will be able to find an Affiliate both geographically and alphabetically.

WorkShops

If you are taking part in a group or corporate workshop or training program utilizing The Highlands Ability Battery, a review of this report just before the program will enable you to derive the greatest personal benefit from the program.

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